

CLOSE AT 6 P. M. TO-DAY.

"It Pays to Deal at Goldenberg's"

Goldenberg's

Seventh and K "The Dependable Store"

Final Clearance Sale of MEN'S SUMMER SUITS.

\$7.95



Buy Unreserved Choice of Values Worth \$12.50, \$15.00, and \$16.50.

In order to make a clean sweep of our entire remaining stock of Men's and Young Men's Summer Suits, we've made the greatest sacrifices on record. Our rigid rule of clearance doesn't permit of hold-overs—every garment must be disposed of by the end of the season.

Choice is offered of Men's Stylish Suits of navy blue serges and fancy worsteds and cassimeres, the latter in a large range of stripes, dark mixtures, grays, and novelty effects of the most desirable sort.

Sizes 32 to 42 in the lot. This season's correct models—suits that bear the imprint of clever tailoring and good style.

A great money-saving opportunity for the man who wants a new suit for vacation or business wear.

THE WORLD OF WORDS.

There's many a man and many a dame defeated in this world's game, who might regain the upward track (for has-beens now and then come back), if we would seek them where they stand, and offer them a helping hand. But when we go to help the lost, the beaten and the tempest-toss'd, the milk of kindness turns to curds; we merely hand out bales of words. If words were worth but one cent each! If we would do instead of preach! A lot of hearts bowed down with woe would feel a new and cheering glow. How well we like to wag our jaws to help along some worthy cause, and how we hate to bend our backs and get right down to old brass tacks! "Oh, for a thousand tongues," we sigh, "to lecture poor folks passing by; to show them where they've made mistakes, and forty kinds of dizzy breaks; to hand them precepts by the peck, and fill them up, clear to the neck, with admonition and advice, and solemn warnings, off the ice!" A thousand tongues we each might use, to air our philanthropic views, but when it came to helpful deed, one finger would be all we'd need.

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WALT MASON.

TAFT DEDICATES PILGRIM SHAFT

Continued from Page One.

stood under the base of the tall shaft to face the crowds and tell why the Pilgrims were great and unusual men. Most of the speakers, the President included, dwelt on the historical side of the celebration. The President reviewed the struggles of the Pilgrims and eulogized their virtues.

The feature of the day that interested the crowd more than the formal dedication, however, was the arrival of the Mayflower and the President. The yacht came steaming slowly in from Beverly shortly after 9 o'clock. She left her berth off Burgess Point just before day-break, while the President and his guests were still asleep. Mrs. Taft, Associate Justice White, of the Supreme Court; Senator Lodge, and Senator Wetmore, of Rhode Island; Secretary Norton, Capt. Butt, and Charlie Taft made up the party.

The day was almost cloudless and the wind was just brisk enough to top the green rollers into white-crested foam. The Mayflower turned and started down the line between the battle ships just before 9 o'clock. The guns had roared as soon as she was on board the flagship Connecticut had seen the flag. Between the lines of slate on that sea of green and white the Mayflower steamed slowly to anchor. At the rail of every man-of-war the jackies lined up, and as the Commander-in-chief passed every hand raised in salute and the bands played "The Star Spangled Banner."

First Big Review.
The President, Mrs. Taft, and the other guests stood on the bridge with Commander Logan and saw his first big review.

The ceremony was over when the last officer had met the President, Mrs. Taft, and the others in the receiving line. The boys were piped to the gangway again, the bugler shrilled out his command, the drum ruffled, and the epaulettes and swords faded into the distance.

Then the President himself prepared to return the calls. His barge was unshipped and lowered. The gun crews of

the Mayflower took their places. Justice White said he had laid under a Dahlgren gun for a day at a time long ago without noticing it, but he took some cotton for his ears this day. The President stepped gingerly down the swinging steps, the commands came quick, and the six-pounders blazed away their sharp notes of war. The visit of the President to the flagship was short.

Then the barge turned to the land, while the small craft that had crowded the harbor until a passage required skill and slow going swooped for the dock where he would land. At the wharf the carriages were waiting, and between long lines of bluejackets and marines the President was escorted to the stand beneath the monument.

Mayflower on Return.
The Mayflower passed down through the fleet on the way back to Beverly a little after 4 o'clock. Again the sailors manned the rails, the guns spoke once more, the bands played, and the review was over. The Mayflower came into Salem Bay just before 9 o'clock and the President was ashore again in a few minutes, ready to greet Senor Arizaga, the new Minister from Ecuador, who came to Beverly to be presented.

After the President's speech, which was almost entirely historical, Dr. Elliot read a long address. Senator Lodge found in the compact of the Mayflower, signed at Provincetown, two conceptions which he considered conspicuous. One, he said, was the idea of an organized law adopted by all the people; the other was that of democracy.

"All the men signed the compact," said Mr. Lodge. "It was the work of all the people. Democracy and popular government were well nigh forgotten words when the compact embodying both were signed."

It was announced at the Post-office Department yesterday that Postmaster General Hitchcock would go to Beverly Monday to confer with President Taft on Tuesday.

Mr. Hitchcock returned from Europe Thursday and while abroad looked into the postal savings bank system, and it is said he will report to the President as to what he observed, and also as to the steps to be taken to install the system in this country.

ROOSEVELT HEARS OF BOOMS GALORE

John Mitchell Latest to Be Considered in New York.

WETMORE'S NAME MENTIONED

Colonel Has Heard of Fully Twenty Who Would Make Good Material, but So Far Has Failed to Come Out Openly for Any Particular One. He Will Speak Later.

New York, Aug. 5.—Persons with little gubernatorial booms concealed about them can do no better than call at the Outlook office on Tuesdays and Fridays, when the contributing editor is at home. You need not have a very serious boom, so long as it is a boom. Within the past few weeks no less than twenty names, by actual count, have been set before Col. Roosevelt in the hope that he will say, "By George, this is fine!" or something like that, and end the whole performance right then and there. But he only smiles and sheds a couple of beams over his countenance.

An unknown slipped the name of John Mitchell, former president of the United Mine Workers of America, to the contributing editor. The sociological trip into the coal region of Pennsylvania brought the two together quite a good deal. It was learned to-night that Mr. Mitchell and Col. Roosevelt discussed the matter at that time, for somebody had suggested it to the labor leader.

How far the colonel will go toward attempting to get John Mitchell into line for the gubernatorial nomination of New York is uncertain. Mr. Roosevelt said that, while he had been friends with Mitchell for many years, he had never thought of him as a possibility for governor, probably because he was under the impression that Mitchell is a resident of Pennsylvania. He has learned from others, however, that the labor leader has maintained a residence in Mount Vernon, in Westchester County, for the past two years, and has been actively engaged in this city as chairman of the trades agreement committee of the National Civic Federation.

Regards Mitchell Highly.
The contributing editor admitted to-day that he had discussed the matter with Mr. Mitchell. He would say that he regards him highly, as he does a lot of folks, and that he had often consulted with him while T. R. was in the White House. Outside of that, he had nothing to say. Mr. Mitchell was not in town to-day.

Those who heard of this latest boom appeared to wonder what Col. Roosevelt had to do with it, for they thought that Mitchell was attached to the State of Pennsylvania. A good many expressed the opinion that the labor leader has not the slightest chance to land the nomination, and that even if he did he wouldn't get elected. Probably Mr. Mitchell will speak when he arrives, the early part of next week.

There is yet another besides Mr. Mitchell who has not been boomed up to to-day. He is Edmund C. Wetmore, president of the University Club and formerly president of the Republican Club. William J. Young, United States district attorney in Brooklyn, brought his name to the colonel. Mr. Young spent half an hour with Col. Roosevelt, and emerged with the same satisfied smile they all wear as they step from the sanctum. He said that T. R. seemed to be interested, but nothing else. The colonel is interested in everything and every one.

No Others Offered.
Besides Mitchell and Wetmore, no other candidates were offered for the colonel's endorsement to-day. There will be more on Tuesday, however, and the list is expected to grow. The colonel arrives, when he really will have something to say. That will probably be a long conference with politicians in whom he believes. Col. Roosevelt isn't going about the matter blindly, and is not affected by sentimental booms. Still, he likes to meet 'em all.

Assemblyman George A. Green, a co-author of the Hinman-Green nomination bill, called on the colonel to-day. He, too, talked politics. He told the reporters that he found Col. Roosevelt's attitude toward direct nominations the same as it was several weeks ago, when he sent a telegram to Lloyd C. Griscom, chairman of the Republican county committee. Mr. Green was quite enthusiastic over his interview.

The fact that the contributing editor has revealed on other occasions was shown to-day when C. H. Betts, proprietor of the Lyons Republic, who has fought against direct primaries just as Mr. Green has fought for them, arrived. After his conference, he was as tickled as Mr. Green. He found the colonel cheerful and bright.

At luncheon with the contributing editor, the Abbotts, and the Howlands was Truman H. Newberry, Secretary of the Navy in the latter part of the Roosevelt administration. A report has been current that Mr. Newberry was seeking to go to the United States Senate from Michigan, but he said that he is not. He may be in the field two years hence, it was said.

Among the numerous callers were P. H. Morrissey, labor leader, who wanted to find out something concerning the colonel's trip West this month; William H. Pettus, Justice Murray, W. H. Wilder, and E. J. Parsons, of Alabama. Nobody stayed very long, because the contributing editor had to write a lot of pieces for his paper. He remained in his office until late in the afternoon, and then motored back to Oyster Bay, where he will spend a quiet week-end.

Mrs. Annie V. Brown Asks Divorce.
Rockville, Md., Aug. 5.—Mrs. Annie V. Brown, of Glen Echo, this county, has through John A. Garrett, of this place, filed suit in the Circuit Court here for an absolute divorce from William H. Brown, of Washington, on the ground of desertion. The bill alleges the couple were married in Philadelphia in 1895 and lived together but two years.

GOOD FOOT The SUM FOOT
Wilhelmina
Treatment.
KNOW THYSELF.
You can learn things that you never thought of by having your feet examined by us. We cure all troubles of the foot. This is the plain truth.
NATIONAL IMPRESSION CO.,
720 11th Street N. W.

SHERMAN RESENTS ATTACK BY GORE

Continued from Page One.

by inference or directly, suggest that I had any connection with the transaction. What the Senator now says is simply alleged hearsay.

"I have never departed from the path of right, and I shall not begin now; that is all I care to say in answer to Senator Gore's statement at this time."

Regarding the statement printed in a Kansas City newspaper and referred to by Senator Gore in his testimony before the committee, in which it was mentioned that Mr. Sherman had visited President Taft at the White House in the interest of the McMurray scheme for selling the Indian lands to a New York syndicate for \$30,000,000, the Vice President stated that while he visited the President on many occasions and on various errands, he didn't recall doing any missionary work in behalf of the McMurray plan.

In Touch with Indian Affairs.
Mr. Sherman while a member of the House was for many years chairman of the Committee on Indian Affairs, and in such position came into close touch with Indian matters, acquainting himself fully with their needs, the value of their lands, and their conditions generally. Thus equipped the Vice President is as well qualified perhaps as any one in the public service to judge of the advantages or disadvantages which would occur from such a deal for the sale of these lands as was proposed by McMurray.

Mr. Sherman was asked to-day for an opinion on the fairness or unfairness of the McMurray proposition, but he preferred not to enter into this phase of the controversy.

Vice President Sherman plans to remain at Covey's Camp until Sunday night, when he will return to Utica. It may be stated that in the event there are developments in the lands scandal, in so far as Mr. Sherman is concerned, he feels fully competent to defend himself with evidence which he regards as irrefutable.

HAMON OF "MY OWN TOWN" SAYS GORE TOLD A LIE

Muskogee, Okla., Aug. 5.—Jake L. Hamon, of Lawton, "the man from my own town," whom Senator Gore swore had attempted to bribe him and who Representative Creager said had made improper overtures in order to influence Creager's support in legislation of interest to Hamon, to-day was on the witness stand before the Congressional investigating committee and said that the story told by Creager was untrue, and that when Gore said that he (Hamon) had borrowed money from Gore the Senator had lied.

Hamon emphatically denied that he had ever mentioned to Senator Gore the name of Senator Curtis, Vice President Sherman, or former Senators Leag and Thurston, of Kansas and Nebraska. Hamon said that he agreed to assist Gore in financing his campaign. While together in the Senate Library, on May 10, there was some talk about pending legislation of interest to Hamon, the Gore might help get through for him. Hamon testified that although he didn't care to divulge the business of his clients, he was compelled, because of the unfair method of Senator Gore, to say that he was in Washington at the time of the alleged attempted bribery as the paid attorney for Gov. Haskell and other defendants in the town lots cases. To substantiate his assertions he introduced a telegram from "Haskell" and from Orville T. Smith, the governor's private attorney.

He denied that any conversation took place with Gore relating to the offering of \$25,000 or any other sum for the approval of the McMurray contracts. Witnesses also asserted that the testimony of Representative Creager was untrue, and that he had not, in any way, made an improper proposal to the Muskogee Congressman.

Hamon this afternoon told of alleged shady deals in connection with buying lots in the Gore addition, adjoining Lawton, several years ago. He said that he and Gore and a number of other friends had agreed to buy the lots in as cheaply as possible and not to bid against each other, but that the Tope brothers, two Hebrews, had bid in a number of the lots, bidding against Senator Gore and causing him to pay more for his lots than the witness paid.

Hamon admitted that they were getting mighty close to the danger line, but still did not violate the United States statutes. The land, he said, was supposed to have been government lands held for school purposes.

It developed on cross-examination that Gore had borrowed \$6,000 and United States Senator Owen had gone on his note. According to Hamon, Gore asked him to raise \$5,000 so that he could pay the note, and to see Dr. Russell and his brother, who was interested in an addition adjoining Lawton. The Howells were at that time trying to get the land allotted to Dr. Russell, an "old" said, according to Hamon.

"They had better get this money if they want their land allotted," Senator Gore, after the session to-day, characterized Hamon's statements as "pipe dreams."

It was announced to-day that the Congressional committee would go to McAlester, Okla., Monday and later to Pawhuska, Okla., in the Osage country. Another session will be held here tomorrow.

Representative E. B. McGuire arrived here to-day.

CONFER ROYAL PURPLE DEGREE

Two Odd Fellow Candidates Are Put Through Ceremony.

The degree team of Fred D. Stuart Encampment, No. 7, I. O. O. F., which will take part in the contest at Atlanta, Ga., in September, paid a fraternal visit to Mageneu Encampment at Odd Fellows' Hall last night and conferred the royal purple degree on two candidates. Mageneu Encampment had invited the Atlanta team as a compliment to their efficient work in conferring the royal purple degree, and with the hope that it might assist them in perfecting their work for the contest.

GIRL HELD AS PICKPOCKET.

Rubie Swathburg Will Be Brought Back to Washington.

Detective Springman will go to Baltimore to-day to bring back Rubie Swathburg, a young woman, wanted here on charges of larceny.

Larry C. Gray alleges that while in company of the woman on Thursday night she picked his pocket of \$22. It is thought the girl will waive preliminary examination and come to this city for identification. She denies the theft to the Baltimore police, stating that she was not in Washington Thursday night.

TAFT GIVES VIEWS ON PARTY STATUS

Continued from Page One.

for all corporations doing an interstate business, which he submitted to Congress in a special message last winter.

The tariff experts will submit to the President within two years recommendations for revision of certain schedules of the tariff law.

The problem of currency reform must be dealt with courageously. Effective governmental control of railroad capitalization must be secured. The demand of labor respecting the issue of injunctions must be considered wisely and with due regard for the effect of the action taken upon all the important interests involved.

Further reform for the conservation of national resources, which will insure the preservation of natural wealth for this and future generations, and at the same time permit wise and sane exploitation and development, must be enacted.

Would Hamper Work.
I have referred to only the more striking things in the legislative programme the President still has in mind to show how necessary, in his view, is the election of a Republican majority in the fall. A Democratic House would refuse, of course, to grant him the legislation he so earnestly wishes. It would hamper his administration in every possible way.

And while, from a legislative point of view, he would be able to achieve little with a Democratic House, it is the belief of the President he still could do many things in his administration which would be of great value to the country. He proposes to introduce economy in government, to place the several departments on a business basis, to create an efficient machine which will run smoothly and at the lowest possible cost.

So far as what has been accomplished is concerned, the President is proud of it. There ought to be no doubt on this score. And some of the pride he feels is founded in the fact that the legislation enacted was enacted by the regular vote of the Republican party.

It is true some changes were made in the various bills at the instance of the insurgents and Democrats, but the President asserts they were few in number. The main features, with the exception of the tariff law, were forehanded in speeches he made before Congress assembled last December, in his several messages, and in bills which were especially prepared by his direction for the consideration of Congress.

Tariff Law Satisfies.
The way in which the tariff law has operated has given the President considerable satisfaction. He fully justifies the claim he made for it at Winona, that it was the best law of the kind ever enacted. The value of the law as a revenue producer is established. With reference to its effect upon the consumer, the President insists that it generally is in his interest.

Numerous reductions were made in the duties on necessities, while the increases related to luxuries, such as wine and the like. Proof of this fact and of the falsity of the claim that the tariff is responsible for the high cost of living has been furnished the President.

BEGIN WORK IN INDIANA

Republicans of All Views Discuss Plans for Fall.

Indianapolis, Aug. 5.—Standpatters, representing the Fairbanks-Hemenway-Watson wing of the party; progressives, representing the Beveridge wing, and conservatives, desiring victory in the State campaign regardless of whom it may affect as individuals, met under call of Chairman Lee, of the State committee, to-day to discuss plans for pushing the organization throughout the State.

More than 100 of the local party leaders of the State were present, and all who spoke sounded the note of harmony and pledged their efforts for Republican victory. The conference resulted in the selection of five men in each Congressional district, who are to be in charge of the work of the organization, and who pledged themselves to be responsible for results.

The campaign is to be made along the lines of unwonted prosperity, and the fact is not to be kept back that the prosperity is the result largely of the repeal of business taxes and the settlement of the tariff question by the Payne-Aldrich tariff law. The speakers are to pledge the party to the tariff commission issue, and are to make a strong appeal for local option in the Democratic counties that have voted dry under the present law.

MCNEAL WANTS RECOUNT.

Topeka, Kans., Aug. 5.—A recount of votes in the primary election in the First Congressional district, on grounds that some of the ballots were miscounted, may be the result of the announced victory of D. R. Anthony, standpat candidate for re-nomination.

A. T. McNeal, progressive contestant, argues that, despite a miscount, Anthony has a majority of only eighty-six votes, which might easily be overcome by a recount. Anthony claims a majority of over 500.

Democrats Indorse Katzenbach.
Trenton, N. J., Aug. 5.—The Mercer County Democratic organization, at a largely attended meeting to-night, and without a dissenting vote, adopted resolutions favoring the nomination for governor of Frank S. Katzenbach, Jr., who was the Democratic candidate three years ago. He lives in Mercer County, which is likewise the home of President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University.

ARCHIE GOES HUNTING.

Emulates His Father and Brother Keemitt.

Deadwood, S. Dak., Aug. 5.—Archie Roosevelt and R. C. Payne, his friend from Brookline, Mass., are in Deadwood as the guests of Capt. Seth Bullock. They arrived yesterday and within an hour were on the way to a trout stream in company with Capt. Bullock. The boys are having the time of their lives fishing. They will remain in the hills for a month, devoting their time to fishing and hunting. Deadwood will be the headquarters, but a portion of the time will be spent in a camp in the mountains.

Entangled in Submarine Wires.

Toulon, Aug. 5.—While the British steamship Geronte was entering this port to-day one of her anchor cables became entangled in the wires uniting the submarine mines. The vessel was held fast in this perilous position and had put out distress signals. Naval divers were sent to her rescue and finally released her. The marine authorities took charge of the steamship while the work was going on.

Everybody Reads The Herald

A few days ago the well-known firm of Parker, Bridget & Co. placed an advertisement in The Washington Herald, as follows:

This Is a Real Test of The Herald's Pulling Power

Since The Herald has followed the progressive idea and changed its price to one penny, their advertising man says, "Everybody reads it." We want to learn just what credence to place in this opinion.

Here are six odd lots we have put into the Midsummer Clearance

Which we offer exclusively through The Herald.

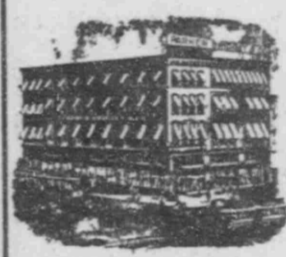
Then followed a list of goods offered for immediate sale.

The Herald welcomed the test. It has the largest morning circulation, and is read by everybody. There was no question as to results.

The evidence of the pulling power of The Washington Herald was complete.

The entire stock of advertised goods sold before the close of the business day.

Read This Letter:



The Washington Herald, Washington, D. C.

Gentlemen: You will be interested to know what results we obtained from the "test" advertisement which we inserted in The Herald a few days ago. The items advertised were published exclusively in your paper with the result that practically the entire offering of odd lots of suits was disposed of before closing hour that day. This result proves two things: the confidence reposed in the "House of Parker, Bridget & Co." by the men of Washington, and that The Herald enjoys a wide reading, and who are thus to "buy advantages" in the "Quality Clothing" line.

Yours very truly,

PARKER, BRIDGET & COMPANY
J. Rommelle
Adv's. Mgr.

BLOODY SUNDAY FEARED IN SPAIN

Continued from Page One.

the way there. Two more regiments of each arm of the service are ready to start at any moment from Alcalá and Saragossa. Military trains to transport these troops are all made up and are standing at the respective stations.

Senor Sagasta, minister of the interior, talked in a similar strain. He added that in addition to the political agitators there was a certain element interested in speculation on the bourse, the members of which would stop at nothing to hammer down the price of Spanish securities. The minister was quoted further as saying:

"We know that the clericals have bought all the weapons and ammunition in the shops at San Sebastian, and the government fears that it will be compelled to use extremely violent measures to suppress the trouble. We have sufficient troops, however, to enforce order."

Another high government official expressed the conviction that the whole trouble at San Sebastian was the result of a concerted action on the part of Cardinal Merry del Val, Cardinal Rampolla, and high Spanish churchmen, with a view to bringing pressure upon King Alfonso to dismiss Canalejas.

This official declared that they had evidence that the two cardinals named, together with Cardinal Vives y Tuto, conferred at Rome, and as a result the agents of the clerical party in Spain were instructed to conduct a personal campaign against Premier Canalejas.

Outlook Is Gloomy.

As seen from here, the outlook in the north is gloomy. Leaders of the agitation continue their attitude of defiance toward the government, and still insist that the proposed demonstration will be held on Sunday. Already large numbers of persons are pouring into San Sebastian from various parts of the

TREASURE AT SEA BOTTOM.

Silver Bar Washes Ashore and a Search Is Begun.

Paris, Aug. 5.—A French "Capt. Kidd's treasure" is being searched for to-day at Cherbourg, where divers employed by an incorporated company are searching the floor of the sea for treasures of immense value, supposed to have been lost in the naval battle between Admiral Trouville and a Dutch fleet in 1693.

The search results from the washing ashore of two bars of silver last March. Markings on the bars showed they were on the Dutch ships that engaged in this battle.

PLACE SLAIN AT 1,000.

Turkish Troops Cause a Halt in Syrian Massacres.

Constantinople, Aug. 5.—Fully 1,000 Christians and Muslims have been slain this week in the massacres in Syria, according to dispatches to-day from Damascus. The situation is somewhat relieved to-day, the dispatches say, owing to the arrival of the vanguard of the troops that are being dispatched to the scene.

HOT WEATHER DYSPEPSIA.

It is a well-known fact that it is harder to digest cold food than warm food, and as most of the food eaten in hot weather is iced, a great amount of digestive suffering results. It is well to be careful about what you eat in hot weather, and not to over-eat, but it is more important still if you are suffering from indigestion to have it cured promptly. It is hard enough at best to hear up under terrible heat, but when the stomach is loaded with food it cannot digest and the bowels are clogged with food. Take a few doses of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin and you will find immediate relief and in a short time a permanent cure. It will cleanse the stomach and bowels and give you system a new start. Appetite, good spirit, sound sleep and energy will soon return and your dyspepsia will have vanished. The cost is only 50 cents or \$1.00 a bottle and there is sufficient for you and your family. A TRIAL BOTTLE FREE OF CHARGE can be had by writing to:

DR. W. B. CALDWELL, 400 Caldwell Bldg., Monticello, Ill.